



PATENT  
3587-0112P

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Chiang See KEK                      Conf.:  
Appl. No.: 10/671,733                      Group:  
Filed: September 29, 2003                      Examiner:  
For: A SECURING MEANS

L E T T E R

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

November 12, 2003

Sir:

Under the provisions of 35 U.S.C. § 119 and 37 C.F.R. § 1.55(a), the applicant(s) hereby claim(s) the right of priority based on the following application(s):

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed</u>
MALAYSIA	PI 2003 3018	August 8, 2003

A certified copy of the above-noted application(s) is(are) attached hereto.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fee required under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 or 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

By   
Joe McKinney Muncy, #32,334

KM/ndb  
3587-0112P

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Attachment(s)



**Perbadanan Harta Intelek Malaysia**  
**Intellectual Property Corporation of Malaysia**

Aras 27, 30 dan 32, Menara Dayabumi, Jalan Sultan Hishamuddin, 50623 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Tel : 603-2274 2100 Fax : 603-2274 1332 Website : www.mipc.gov.my


**CERTIFICATE OF FILING**

Chiang See KEK  
3587-0112P  
101671, 733  
September 29, 2003  
BSKB, LLP  
(703) 205-8000

**APPLICANT** : CHIANG SEE KEK  
**APPLICATION NO** : PI 20033018  
**REQUEST RECEIVED ON** : 08/08/2003  
**FILING DATE** : 08/08/2003  
**AGENT'S/APPLICANT'S FILE REF.** : PK/P1015/GWSB/2003

Please find attached, a copy of the Request Form relating to the above application, with the filing date and application number marked thereon in accordance with Regulation 25(1).

**Date** : 12/08/2003

  
.....  
(MOHD. AMRAN ABAS)  
for Registrar of Patents

**To** : P. KANDIAH  
C/O KANDIAH & ASSOCIATES SDN BHD,  
SUITE 8-7-2, MENARA MUTIARA BANGSAR,  
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Tel : 603-2274 2100 Fax : 603-2274 1332 Website : [www.mipc.gov.my](http://www.mipc.gov.my)

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To:

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Suite 8 - 7 -2, Menara Mutiara Bangsar  
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59100 Kuala Lumpur  
**MALAYSIA**

**PATENT APPLICATION NO: PI 2003 3018**

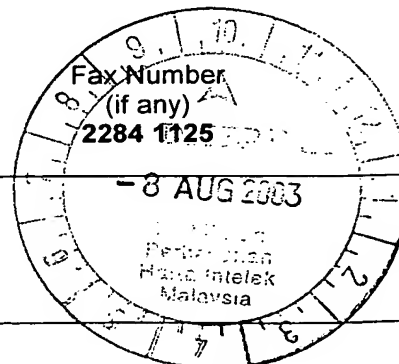
This is to certify that annexed hereto is a true copy from the records of the Registry of Trade Marks and Patents, Malaysia of the application as originally filed which is identified therein.

By authority of the  
REGISTRAR OF PATENTS



**ABDUL RAHMAN RAMLI**  
(CERTIFYING OFFICER)  
29 September 2003

<b>Patents Form No. 1</b> <b>PATENTS ACT 1983</b>  <b>REQUEST FOR GRANT OF PATENT</b> <b>(Regulation 7(1))</b>  <b>To: The Registrar of Patents</b> <b>Patent Registration Office</b> <b>Kuala Lumpur</b> <b>Malaysia</b>	<b>For Official Use</b> APPLICATION NO: <b>PA 20033018</b> APPLICATION RECEIVED ON: <b>08-08-2003</b>  Fee received on: <b>08-08-2003</b> Amount: <b>RM 200</b>  *Cheque / Postal Order / Money Order / Draft / Cash No.: <b>800 170988</b>
Please submit this Form in duplicate together with the prescribed fee.	Applicant's file reference: <b>PK/P1015/GWSB/2003</b>
<b>THE APPLICANT(S) REQUEST(S) THE GRANT OF A PATENT IN RESPECT OF THE FOLLOWING PARTICULARS:</b>  <b>TITLE OF INVENTION: A SECURING MEANS</b>	
<b>II. APPLICANT(S) (the data concerning each applicant must appear in this box or, if the space is sufficient, in the space below)</b>  <b>Name: CHIANG SEE KEK</b> <b>(IC No. 571127-05-5359)</b>  <b>H.S.C./Passport No:</b>  <b>Address: 119A Jalan SS 21/37</b> <b>Damansara Utama</b> <b>47400 Petaling Jaya</b> <b>Selangor, Malaysia</b>  <b>Address for service in Malaysia: Suite 8-7-2</b> <b>Menara Mutiara Bangsar</b> <b>Jalan Riong, Bangsar</b> <b>59100 Kuala Lumpur</b> <b>Tel: 2284 7872 Fax: 2284 1125</b>  <b>Nationality: A Citizen of Malaysia.</b>  • Permanent residence or principal place of business: <b>AS ABOVE</b>  <b>Telephone Number (if any)</b> <b>2284 7872</b>	
<b>Additional Information (if any)</b>	



20033018

III. INVENTOR

Applicant is the inventor:

Yes ☒

No ☐

If the applicant is not the inventor:

Name of the inventors:

Address of inventors:

A statement justifying the applicant's right to the patent accompanies this Form:

Yes ☐

No ☐

Additional Information (if any)

IV. AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE:

Applicant has appointed a patent agent in accompanying Form No. 17.

Yes ☐

No ☐

Agent's Registration No:

PA 90/019

Applicants have appointed **P. Kandiah** to be their common representative

IV. DIVISIONAL APPLICATION

This application is a divisional application

Yes ☐

No ☐

The benefit of the

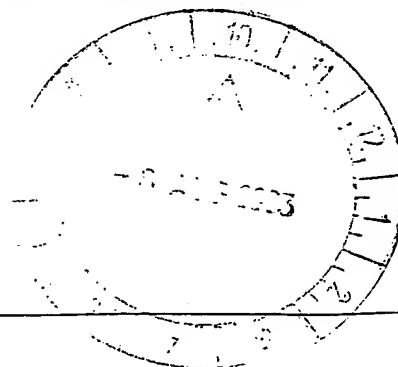
Filing date

Priority date

Of the initial application is claimed in as much as the subject matter of the present application is contained in the initial application identified below: -

Initial Application No:

Date of filing of initial application:



VI. DISCLOSURES TO BE DISREGARDED FOR PRIOR ART PURPOSES

Additional information is contained in supplemental box:

(a) Disclosure was due to acts of applicant or his predecessor in title

Date of disclosure:

(b) Disclosure was due to abuse of rights of applicant or his predecessor in title

Date of disclosure:

A statement specifying in more detail the facts concerning the disclosure accompanies this Form

Yes

☐

No

☐

Additional Information (if any)

VII. PRIORITY CLAIM (if any)

The priority of an earlier application is claimed as follows :

Country (if the earlier application is a regional or international application, indicate the office with which it is filed):

Filing Date:

Application No:

Symbol of the International Patent Classification:

If not yet allocated, please tick

☐

The priority of more than one earlier application is claimed:

Yes

☐

No

☐

The certified copy of the earlier application(s) accompanies this Form:

Yes

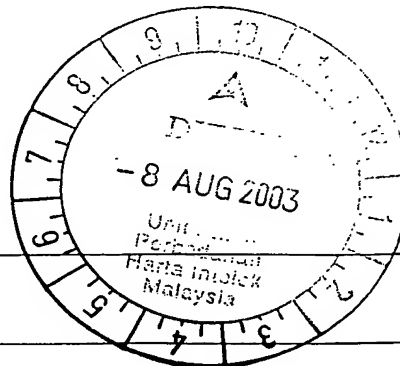
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No

☐

If No, it will be furnished by (if requested by Registrar)

Additional Information (if any) :



20033018

VIII. CHECK LIST

A. This application contains the following:

1.	Request	1	Sheets
2.	Description	7	Sheets
3.	Claim	2	Sheets
4.	Abstract	1	Sheets
5.	Drawing	5	Sheets
	Total	16	Sheets

B. This Form, as filed, is accompanied by the items checked below : (Please tick where appropriate) :

(a)	signed Form No. 17	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b)	declaration that inventor does not wish to be named in the patent	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c)	statement justifying applicant's right to the patent	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d)	statement that certain disclosures be disregarded (to follow)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(e)	priority document (certified copy of earlier application)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(f)	cash, cheque, money order, banker's draft or postal order for the payment of application fee	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(g)	other documents (specify) -	<input type="checkbox"/>

IX. SIGNATURE:.....

**P. Kandiah**  
\*\*(Applicant/Agent)

8/8/2003  
(Date)

If Agent, indicates Agent's Registration No: **PA 90/019**

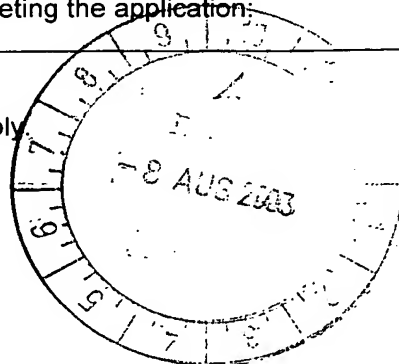
**For Official Use**

1. Date application received:

2. Date of receipt of correction, later filed papers or drawings completing the application:

\* Delete whichever does not apply.

\*\* Type name under signature and delete whichever does not apply.



10033018

## A SECURING MEANS

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5           The present invention relates a securing means used for securing a first member and a second member of a furniture.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10           Recently there has been a huge demand in self-assembled structures such as furniture, i.e. tables, chairs, cabinets and the like. These types of self-assembled furniture are also widely known as "Do It Yourself" furniture. A user can purchase said furniture in loose forms which are packed in a packaging. The user will have to assembled the said loose forms of the furniture according to an assembly instructions enclosed in the packaging to form a one piece rigid  
15 structure.

          The present inventor has observed one disadvantage in the prior art method of assembling said furniture. To further describe the disadvantage, reference is made to Figure 1, which shows a perspective view of a one tier pre-assembled table (10). Said table (10) consists of a pair of rectangular shaped flat boards (12A, 12B), four elongated supporting rods (14) and  
20 four leg members (16). Further to this, each of the said flat boards (12A, 12B) is provided with four bores (18A) and (18B) respectively. The terminal end portions of each of the said elongated supporting rods (14) are provided with a threaded portion (20). Generally, the threaded portion (20) has a smaller diametrical dimension compared to the diametrical dimension of the elongated supporting rod (14). Each of the said bores (18A) and (18B) are designed in such a  
25 manner that the internal diametrical dimension of each of the bores (18A, 18B) is smaller in dimension compared to the external diametrical dimension of the elongated supporting member (14) but greater then the external diametrical dimension of the threaded portion (20) (not illustrated). With this configuration, when the elongated supporting members (14) are introduced into the bores (18A) of board (12A), the said board (12A) will rest on the terminal  
30 edges of the said elongated supporting member (14). Each of the bores (18A) at the upper surface of the flat board (12A) is further provided with a cap member (22). Said cap member (22) consists of a cap portion (24) and an externally threaded cylindrical member (26). The externally threaded cylindrical member (26) is design to be adapted onto the threaded portion (20) of each of the elongated supporting rods (14) by screw-threaded means. The other flat  
35 board (12B) is introduced and assembled in the same manner as described above. The only



difference is that, the bores (18B) at the lower surface of the flat board (12B) are adapted fixed to the said leg members (16). When all the components have been assembled, the table (10) as shown in Figure 1 is formed. The disadvantage of this type of assembly is at the upper surface of the flat board (12A).

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The upper surface of the flat board (12A) is no longer a smooth surface. The four cap members (22) are clearly noticeable and this can be an eye sore to certain individuals. There was an attempt to create a smooth upper surface by providing a flat board with a thicker dimension. Further to this, each bore is only created half way through the thickness of the flat board. The elongated supporting rods are either matingly fixed into the bores or are fixed to the bores by means of screw threading. The internal of the bore is threaded by creating grooves along its inner perimeter sidewall or by inserting an external component which is provided with threading means. However, these types of configurations have resulted in the user to utilized tools to assembled said furniture. This is against the actual idea of 'do it yourself' furniture where the user is not required to use any type of tools when assembling the furniture. Further to this, the attachment between to structure by these means is not strong and may fail if it is often assembled and dissembled.

Therefore, it is the objective of the present invention to introduce an improvement in the method of assembling parts of a furniture and introducing a new device for performing the said method.

Another objective of the present invention is to ensure that the upper surface of the furniture is always smooth without the present of any visible components.

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Another objective of the present invention is to ensure that the user is not required to use any type of tools when assembling a furniture and at the same time ensuring that the strength of the attached parts of the furniture is preserved.

## 30 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A means used for securing a first structure and a second structure of a furniture according to the present invention comprises of a tubular receptacle consisting of an internal cylindrical member spaced apart from an external cylindrical member, in which both are integrally connected to a terminal end. The external cylinder member includes at least one hinged member

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and at least one groove on its side perimeter wall and wherein the receptacle is introducible and securable into a bore on the first structure of the furniture in a tight manner by action of the hinged member and groove. The hinged member of the present invention is thinner at its hinged end and thicker at its free end. The hinged member further includes a node at its free end.

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Further to this the hinged member is displaceable away from its vertical axis towards the internal cylindrical member when the receptacle is fitted into the bore of the first structure of the furniture. The hinged member is also displaceable from its vertical axis away from the internal cylindrical member of the tubular receptacle into the body of the first structure of the furniture on introduction of the second structure onto the tubular receptacle.

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### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a furniture utilizing a prior art method of assembling and securing two structures.

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Figure 2 is a perspective view of the furniture as shown in Figure 1 utilizing the improve method of assembling and securing according to the present invention.

20 Figure 2A is a perspective view of the furniture as shown in Figure 2 in an assembling manner.

Figure 2B is a perspective view of the furniture as shown in Figure 2 showing the manner a receptacle is introduced according to the present invention.

25 Figure 3 is a perspective view of a receptacle used in the present invention.

Figure 4 is a plan view of the receptacle as shown in Figure 3.

Figure 5 is a side view of the receptacle as shown in Figure 3.

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Figure 6 is a bottom view of the receptacle as shown in Figure 3.

Figure 7 is a diagrammatic view of the configuration of a bore of the present invention

Figure 8 is a cross-sectional diagrammatic view of the receptacle in the bore without a supporting member held therein according to present invention.

Figure 9 is a cross-sectional diagrammatic view of the receptacle in the bore as shown in Figure 8 with a supporting member held therein.

Figure 10 shows a diagrammatic view of a portion of the receptacle of the present invention before introducing into a bore.

Figure 11 shows a diagrammatic view of the receptacle as shown in Figure 10 when is introduced into the bore.

Figure 12 shows a diagrammatic view of the receptacle as shown in Figure 11 when a supporting member is introduced onto the receptacle.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention will now be described with reference made to the accompanied drawings.

Figures 2, 2A and 2B show an example of a furniture, hereinafter referred as a table (30). Generally the overall design of this table (30) is no different than the table (10) of the prior art. The present table (30) still comprises of a pair of flat board (32A, 32B), at least four elongated supporting members (34) and at least four leg members (36). The present invention further comprises of a receptacle (38), Figures 3, 4, 5 and 6.

The flat board (32A) is further provided with at least four bores (40), in which each bore is positioned at each edge of the flat board (32A). Said bores (40) are designed in such a manner that each bore is preferably created half way through the thickness of the flat board (32A). In other words, the bores (40) are not visible on the upper surface of the flat board (32A), Figure 7. The purpose of this type of arrangement will be described later.

The other flat board (32B) is also provided with at least four bores (42), in which each bore is positioned at each edge of the flat board (32B). However, these bores (42) are designed

to be created a hole in the flat board (32B). When both the said flat boards (32A, 32B) are placed on top one another, all the bores (40, 42) will be in a linear alignment with each other.

5 The elongated supporting members (34) and the leg members (36) have already been described in the background of the invention and will not be described further in the detailed description of the invention.

10 The receptacle (38) as shown in Figures 3, 4, 5 and 6 is generally a tubular shaped member in cross section. The receptacle (38) comprises of a base (44), a concentric upstanding side wall (46), a concentric flange (48) integrally mounted onto the terminal portion of the concentric upstanding side wall (46) and a cylindrical member (50) which is externally threaded and integrally mounted in the mid section of the said receptacle (38). The said cylindrical member (50) is preferably a hollow cylindrical structure but however, a solid cylindrical member can also be utilized. The height of the concentric upstanding sidewall (46) and the height of the cylindrical member (50) correspond to the height of a threaded portion (48) at the terminal edge of the elongated supporting member (34). Further to this, the thickness of each of the bores (40) in the flat board (32A) corresponds to the height of the concentric upstanding sidewall (46) of the receptacle (38). In the preferred embodiment, the cylindrical member (50) is designed to have a greater height than the height of the concentric upstanding sidewall (46).  
15 However, the height of the cylindrical member (46) can be adjusted according to the required strength of attachment between two structures.

Further to this, the concentric upstanding side wall (46) is provided with at least two cut – out portions (52) along its perimeter length. Each of the said cut – out portions (52) is provided with a hook means (54), Figure 5 and 6. The hook means (54) is generally an ‘L’ shaped member in cross section, in which it consists of a first member (56) and a second member (58). Both said members (56, 58) are integrally mounted to each other. The free end of the second member (58) is preferably tapered to form a sharp edge like section. The purpose of such a configuration will be described later in the description. One end of the first member (56) is integrally mounted at the underside of the concentric flange (48) and is positioned within the sides of the cut – out portion (52). In other words, only top edge of the hook means (54) is integrally mounted onto the underside of the concentric flange (48). The other edges of the hook means (54) are free ends. The second member (58) vertically extends away from the concentric upstanding sidewall (46) of the receptacle (38). Additional to this, the external side of the concentric upstanding sidewall (46) of the receptacle (38) is provided with a plurality of grooves  
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(60) along its perimeter length. The purpose of the said grooves (60) will be described later in the description.

5 The method of assembling the above mentioned components to form a rigid structure such a table (30) will be described in detail now.

10 The external dimension of the receptacle (38) is marginally smaller then the internal dimension of the bore (40). To introduce the receptacle (38) into the bore (40), the receptacle (38) is angularly inserted into the bore (40). This is to ensure that at least one of the hook means (54) is securely inserted into the bore first. Then by using a finger, slight pressure is asserted onto the other hook means (54) to push this hook means (54) into the internal side of the receptacle (38). Then by using a user palm, vertical pressure is applied onto the receptacle (38) to securely fit the receptacle into the bore (40). Each of the bores (40) on the flat board (32A) is provided with one receptacle (38) and is secured therein the same manner as described above.

15 When the said receptacles (38) are securely held in the bores (40), both the hooks means (54) are disposed away from its longitudinal axis, Figure 8. In other words, the hook means (54) are angularly pushed into the inner side of the concentric upstanding side wall (46) of the receptacle (38). Now, each of the said bores (40) with the receptacles (38) secured therein is introduced to the elongated support member (34). The elongated support member (38) is rotatingly secured to

20 the receptacle (38) by threaded means. As the elongated support member (34) is rotated, the terminal end of the elongated support member (34) will forcibly push the inwardly disposed hook means (54) back into its vertical position. This will result in the hook means (54) to grip the inner perimeter sidewall of the bore (40). Same arrangement is done on the other receptacles (38) on the flat board (32A). When the elongated support members (34) are removed from the

25 receptacles (38), the hook means (54) will return to its angularly disposed position, Figure 9. The remaining parts of the furniture (30) is assembled as describe in the prior art. Further reference can be made to Figures 10, 11 and 12, which shows the position of the hinged member (54) at different time.

30 Once the receptacles (38) are securely held in the bores (40), it is not easy remove them. However, the said receptacles (38) can be forcibly removed by using external force such as a tool. But still, the purpose of introducing the present invention is to securely position a receptacle in the bore (40) in a tight manner without having it to be removed after securing it in the bores (40).

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In the present invention, the receptacle (38) is used in assembling a table (30), however, the present invention can also be used to assembled any type of furniture which requires the upper surface to be a flat smooth surface. Further to this, the present invention can also be applied to any part of the furniture fittings to ensure that a smooth surface is achieved after assembling the furniture.

The number of bores (40, 42), elongated support members (34), leg structure (36), receptacles (38) and hook means (54) can vary according to the design of the furniture.

Also, the present receptacle (38) is preferably made of a malleable material such as plastics, however, any type of malleable material known in the art can be used to achieve the same results as the present invention.

**CLAIMS**

1. A means used for securing a first structure (32A) and a second structure (34) of a furniture (30) characterized in that the means comprises of a tubular receptacle (38) consisting of an internal cylindrical member spaced apart from an external cylindrical member, both integrally connected to a terminal end, and wherein the external cylinder member includes at least one hinged member (54) and at least one groove (60) on its side perimeter wall (46) and wherein the receptacle (38) is introducible and securable into a bore (40) on the first structure (32A) of the furniture (30) in a tight manner by action of the hinged member (54) and groove (60).
2. A means as claimed in Claim 1 the hinged member (54) is thinner at its hinged end and thicker at its free end.
3. A means as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the hinged member (54) includes a node at its free end.
4. A means as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the hinged member (54) is displaceable away from its vertical axis towards the internal cylindrical member when the receptacle is fitted into the bore (40) of the first structure (32A) of the furniture (30).
5. A means as claimed in Claims 1 wherein, the hinged member (54) is displaceable from its vertical axis away from the internal cylindrical member of the tubular receptacle (38) into the body of the first structure (32A) of the furniture (30) on introduction of the second structure (34) onto the tubular receptacle (38).
6. A furniture comprising of a first structure (32A) and a second structure (34) in which the second structure (34) is fitted onto a bore (40) on the first structure (32A) by a means as claimed in Claims 1 to 5.
7. A means used for securing a first structure (32A) and a second structure (34) of a furniture (30) characterized in that the means comprises of a tubular receptacle (38) consisting of an internal cylindrical member spaced apart from an external

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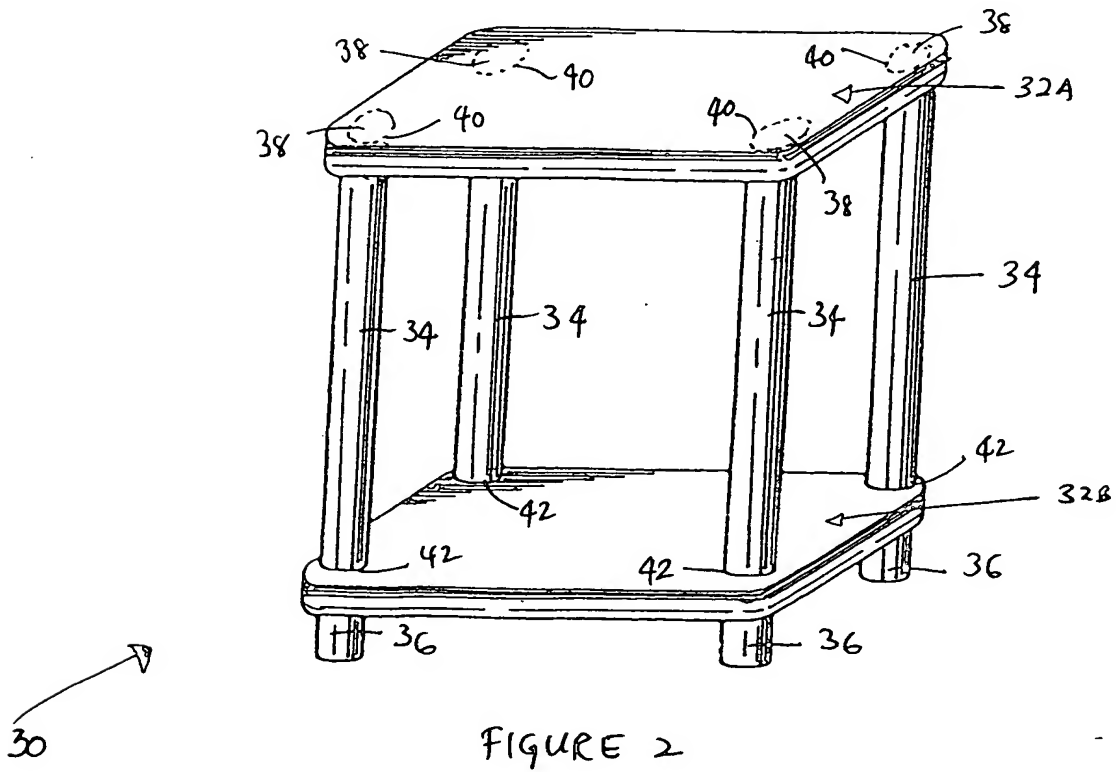
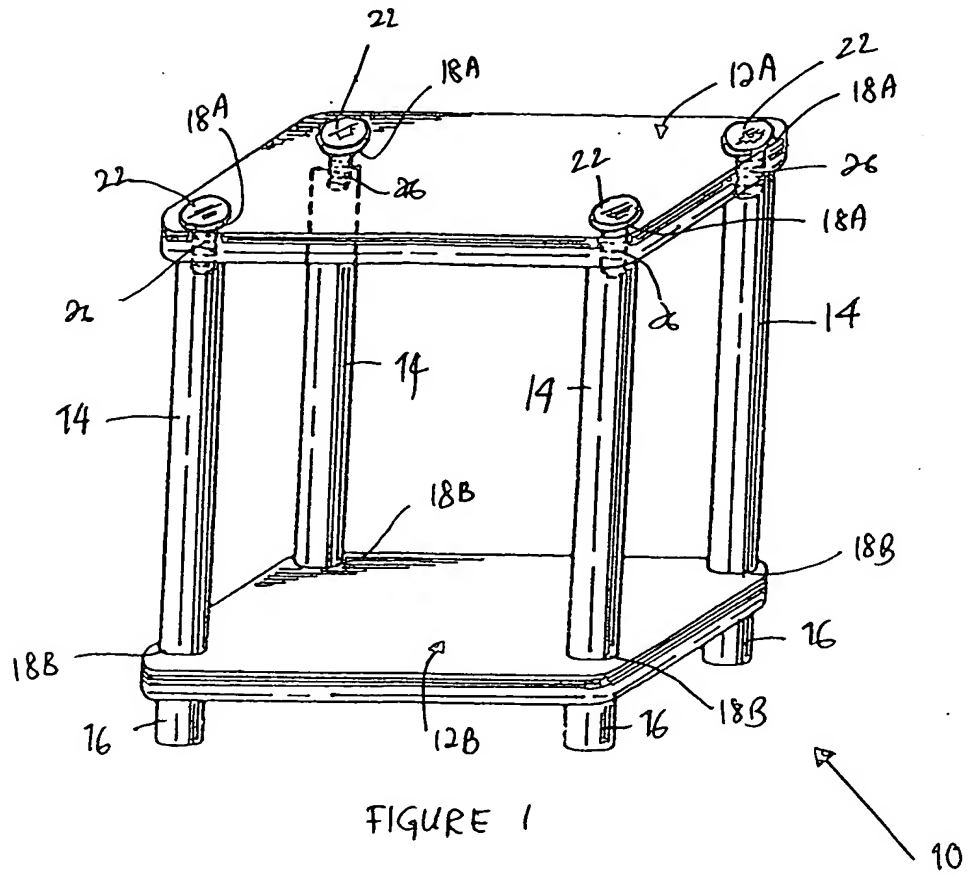
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**ABSTRACT****A SECURING MEANS**

5           A means used for securing a first structure (32A) and a second structure (34) of a  
furniture (30) according to the present invention wherein the means comprises of a tubular  
receptacle (38) consisting of an internal cylindrical member spaced apart from an external  
cylindrical member and wherein both are integrally connected to a terminal end, and wherein  
the external cylinder member includes at least one hinged member (54) and at least one groove  
10 (60) on its side perimeter wall (46) and wherein the receptacle (38) is introducible and securable  
into a bore (40) on the first structure (32A) of the furniture (30) in a tight manner by action of  
the hinged member (54) and groove (60).

Figure 3



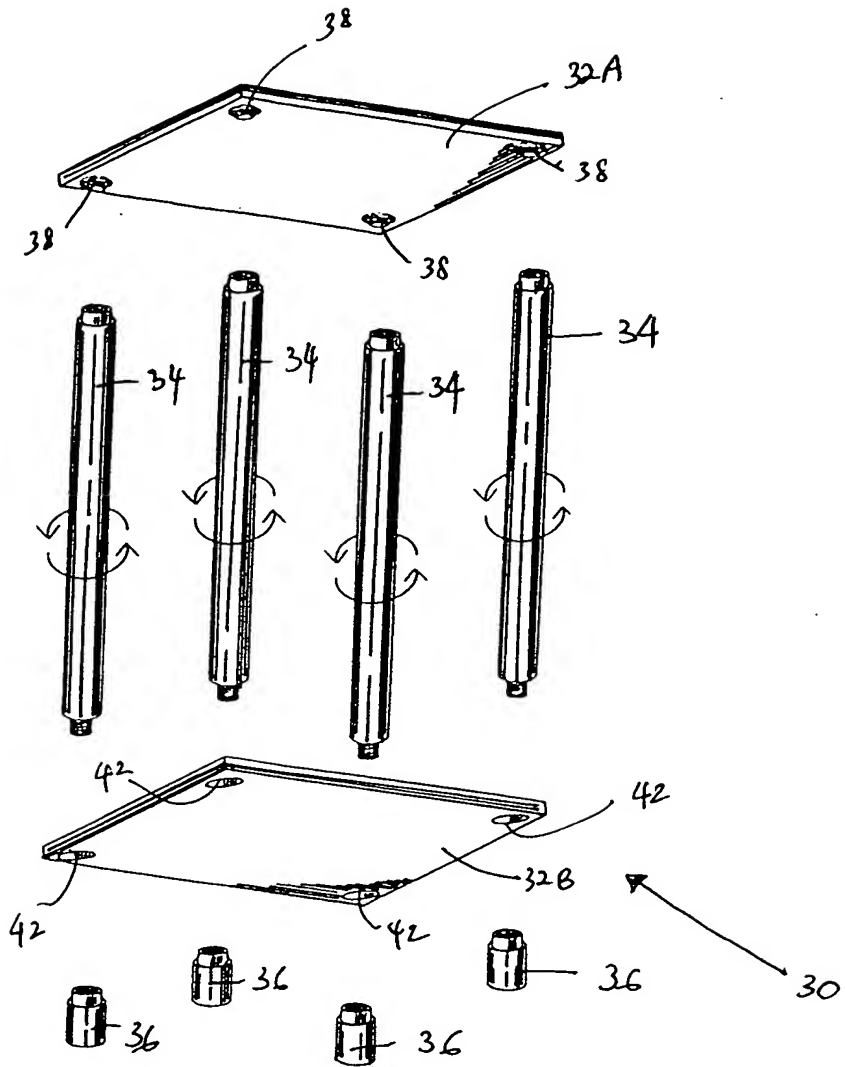


FIGURE 2A

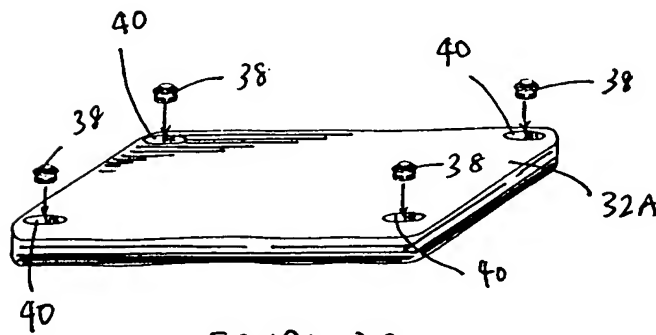
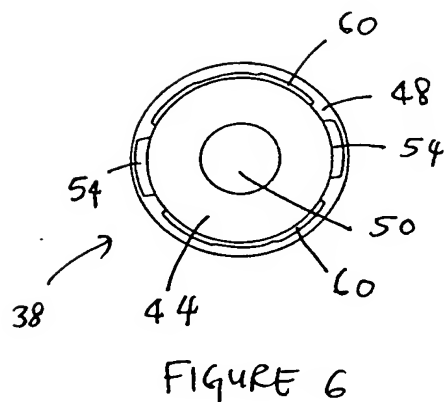
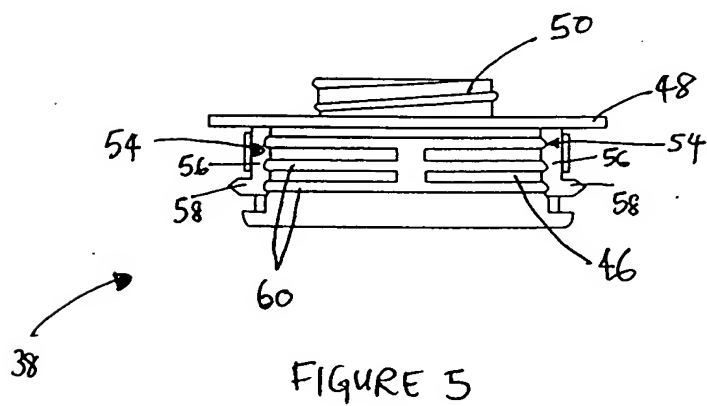
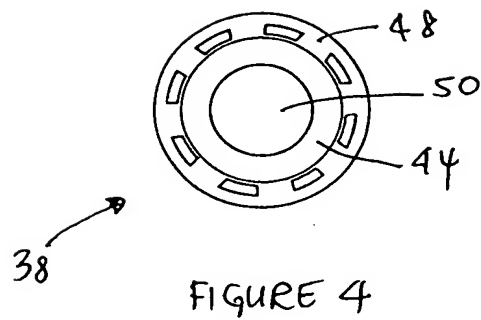
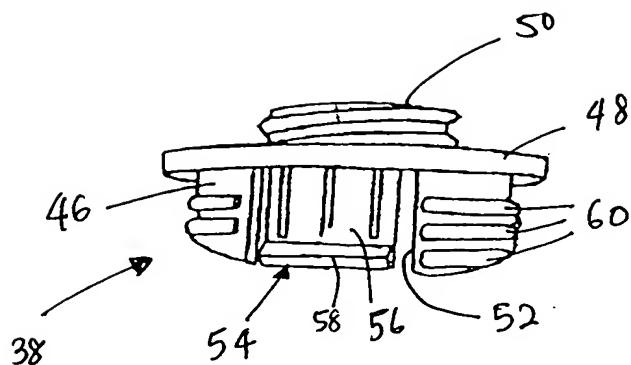


FIGURE 2B



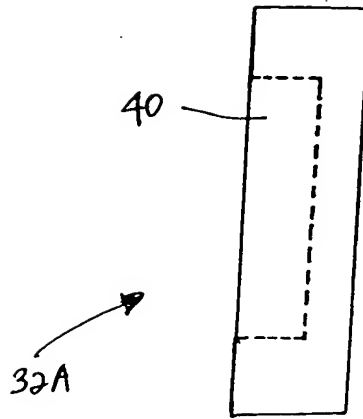


FIGURE 7

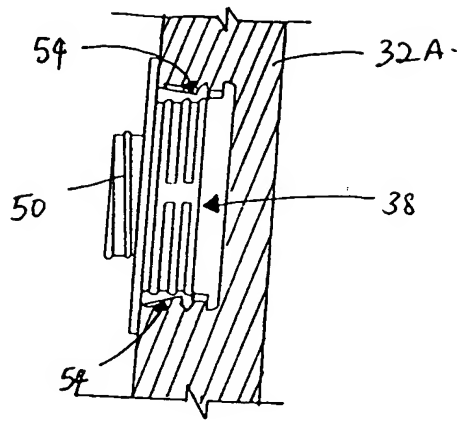


FIGURE 8

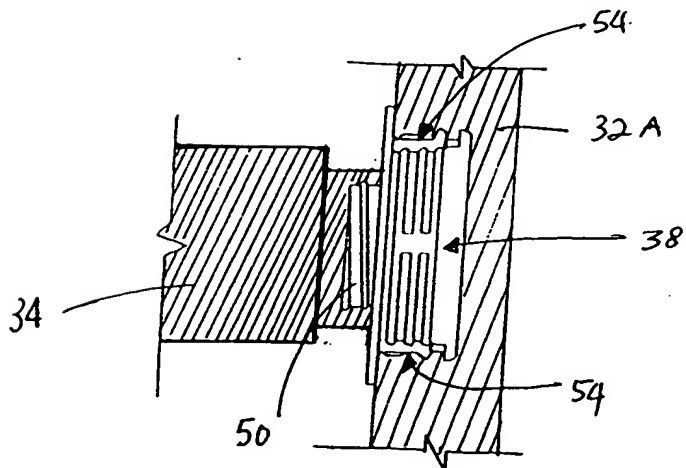


FIGURE 9

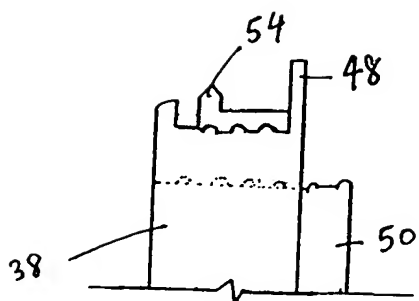


FIGURE 10

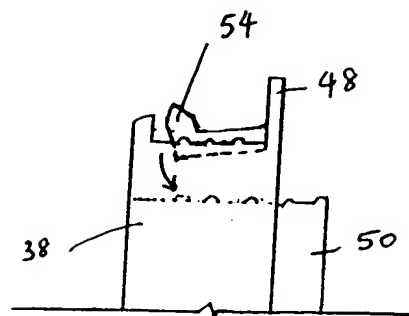


FIGURE 11

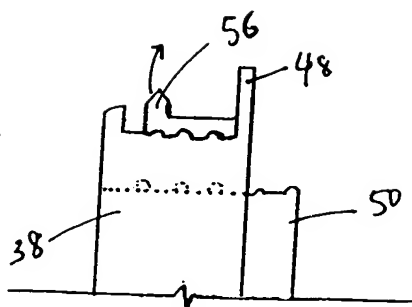


FIGURE 12